

## POWER DIODE MODULE

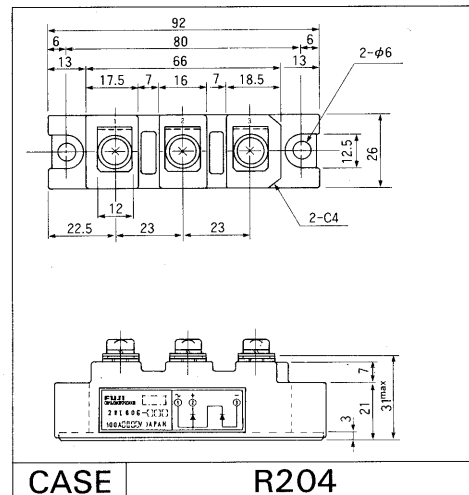
### Features

- All the terminals and the mounting plate are electrically isolated. These modules can be installed in the same cooling fin as other modules, thus saving installation space – a cost-effective feature.
- The diode chips are coated with a glass of zinc oxide, making them highly resistant to temperature and humidity variation.
- Two diode chips are connected in series internally, so allowing the rectifying circuit to be simplified.

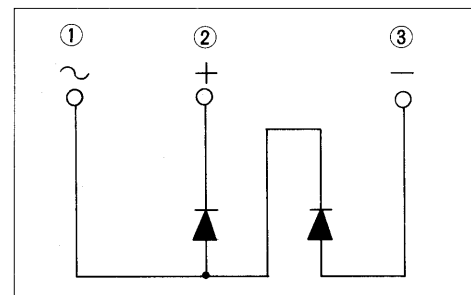
### Applications

- Inverters for AC motors
- Power supply units for DC motors
- DC power supply units for battery chargers
- General purpose DC power supply units

### Outline Drawings



### Inner Circuit Schematic



### Maximum Ratings and Characteristics

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Items	Symbols	Conditions	2RI100G		Units
			-120	-160	
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	1600	V
Non-repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RSM}$		1320	1760	V
Average forward current	$I_{F(AV)}$	50/60 Hz Sinewave, $T_C = 98^\circ\text{C}$	2 × 100		A
Surge current	$I_{FSM}$	Rated load conditions, 10 ms	1200		A
$I^2_t$	$I^2_t$	Rated load conditions	16000		A <sup>2</sup> s
Junction temperature	$T_j$		-40 ~ +150		°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40 ~ +125		°C
Tightening torque		Mounting screw: M5	25 ± 5		kg·cm
Vibration resistance			5		G
Dielectric strength		Between terminals and base	2500 VAC 1min		
Net. Weight			180		g

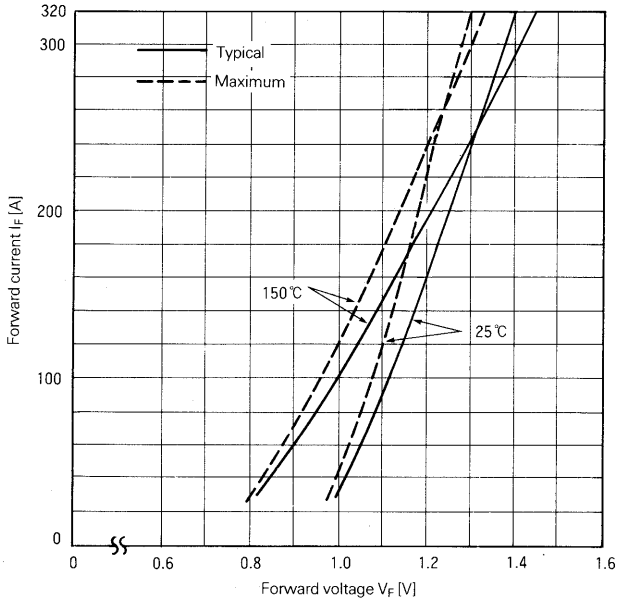
#### Electrical Characteristics

Items	Symbols	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Forward voltage	$V_{FM}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{FM} = 320\text{ A}$			1.40	V
Reverse current	$I_{RRM}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_R = V_{RRM}$			30	mA

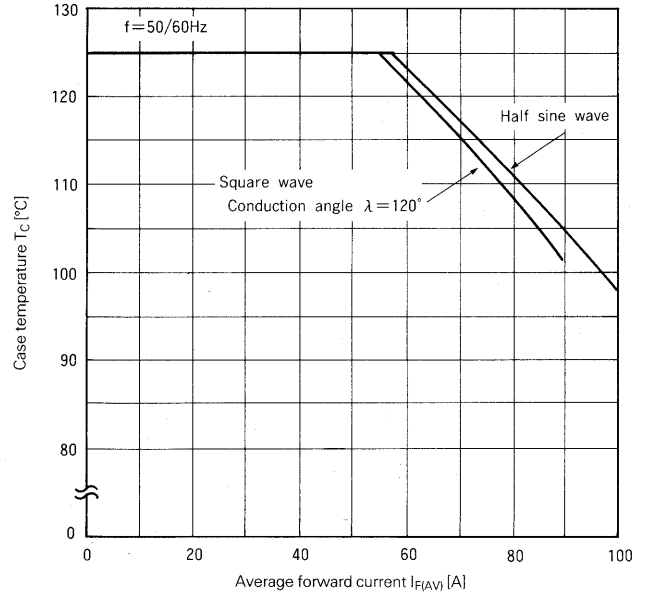
#### Thermal Characteristics

Items	Symbols	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Thermal resistance (Junction to case)	$R_{th(j-c)}$	50/60 Hz Sinewave, Thermal resistance for total loss			0.20	°C/W
Thermal resistance	$R_{th(c-f)}$	With thermal compound			0.10	°C/W

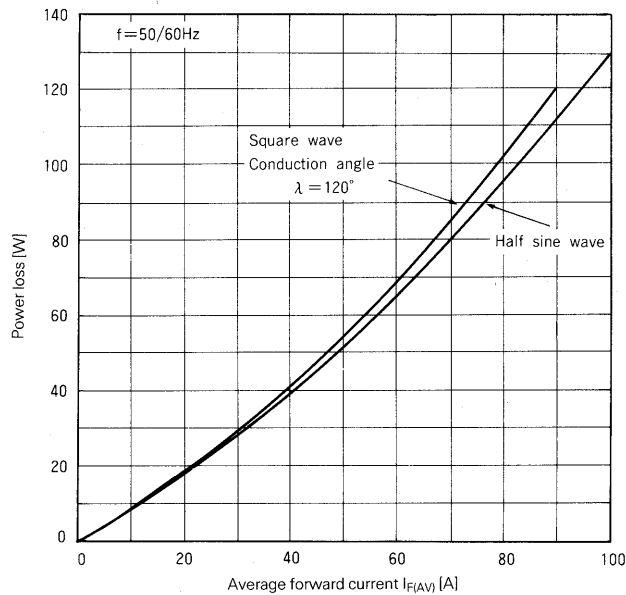
■ Characteristic curves



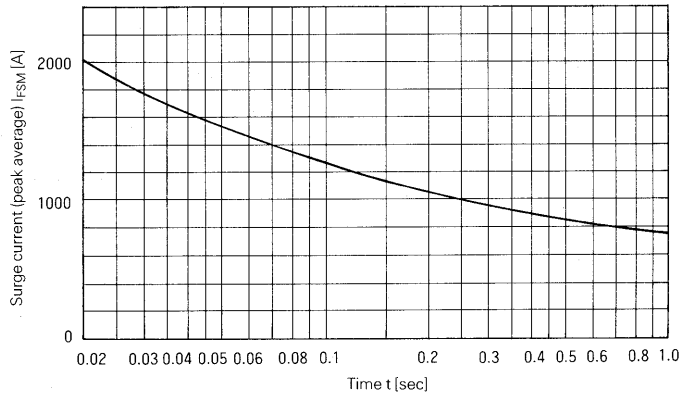
Forward Characteristics



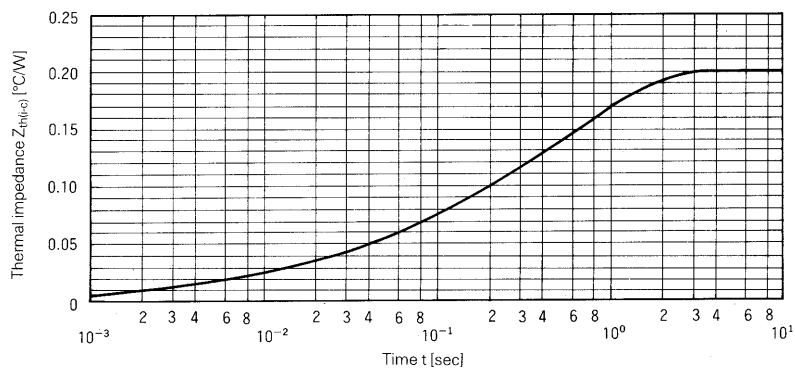
Case Temperature vs. Average Forward Current



Power Loss vs. Average Forward Current



Surge Current



Transient Thermal Impedance

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